**C:\Users\Owner\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\Content.IE5\RKMORPJ0\MC900394142[1].wmf Adjective Handbook C:\Users\Owner\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\Content.IE5\RKMORPJ0\MC900394142[1].wmf**

Present Tense

1. Two types of adjectives:

* I-adjective

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| E.g. **ookii** (big), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ),  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ) |

* Na-adjective

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| --- |
| E.g. **genki na** (energetic), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( )  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( ) |

2. When describing nouns:

* I-adjective

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| --- |
| **[I-adjective] + [noun]**  **ookii + inu** (big dog) |

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hon (small book) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ neko (cute cat)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sushi (delicious sushi) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hito (interesting person)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kaban (expensive bag) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kutsu (cheap shoes)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yama (high mountain) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tsukue (low desk)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sensei (kind teacher) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gakkoo (fun school)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ enpitsu (long pencil) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jikan (short time)

* Na-adjective

|  |
| --- |
| **[Na-adjective] + [noun]**  **genki na + gakusei**  (energetic student) |

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ onna no hito (pretty lady) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tabemono (likable food)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ machi (quiet town) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mise (busy shop)

* **Renshuu (Exercise)**

1. Try the crossword puzzle.



yoko → tate↓

4. new 1. cute

5. hot 2. small

8. quiet 3. lively

10. old 6. cold (item)

12. like 7. dislike

13. energetic 9. pretty

11. big

12. cold (weather)

2. Use adjectives and describe the following items.

1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_otooto 2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_imooto 3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kuruma

(…… little brother) (…… little sister) (…..car)

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4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ biiru 5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ inu 6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ie

(…… beer) (…… dog) (…… house)

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3. Fill in the gaps and complete the setnences

1) Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mizu o nomimasu. (I drink cold water.)

2) Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ imooto ga imasu. (I have a cute sister.)

3) Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ koohii o nomimasu. (I drink hot coffee.)

4) Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ongaku ga suki desu. (I like quiet [soft] music.)

5) Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kuruma o kaimasu. (I’ll buy a new car.)

3. When used at the end of a sentence

* I-adjective

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Affirmative** | **Negative** |
| E.g. **ookii** (big)  Watashi no ie wa **ookii desu.**  (My house is big.) | E.g. **ookii** (big)  Watashi no ie wa **ooki** i **ku arimasen.**  (My house is not big.) |

**takai**: Watashi no kuruma wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(My car is expensive./ isn’t expensive.)

**yasui**: Kono kaban wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(This bag is cheap./ is not cheap.)

* Na-adjective

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Affirmative** | **Negative** |
| E.g. **genki na** (energetic, well, healthy)  Gakusei wa **genki** na **desu.**  (The student is well/ energetic.) | E.g. **genki na** (energetic, well, healthy)  Gakusei wa **genki** na **dewa arimasen.**  (The student isn’t well/ energetic.) |

**shizuka na**: Kono machi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(This town is quiet./ isn’t quiet.)

**suki na**: Watashi wa supootsu ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(I like sports./ don’t like sports.)

* **Renshuu (exercise)**

1. Use the adjectives in the sentences.

1) Tanaka san no kaban wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Tanak’s bag is cute.)

2) Suzuki san wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Suzuki is kind.)

3) Yamada san wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Yamada is busy.)

4) Watashi no gakkoo wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (My school is big.)

5) Kono neko wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (This cat is small.)

2. Use the adjectives in the sentences.

1) Kyoo wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (It’s not hot today.)

2) Suzuki san no ryoori wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Suzuki’s cooking isn’t delicious.)

3) Satoshi san no kuruma wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Satoshi’s car isn’t expensive.)

4) Kono hon wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (This book isn’t new.)

5) Densha no kippu wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (The train ticket isn’t cheap.)

3. Use the adjectives in the sentences.

1) Watashi no kazoku wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (My family is well.)

2) Watashi wa niku ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (I dislike meat.)

3) Yamamoto san wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Yamamoto is quiet.)

4. Use the adjectives in the sentences.

1) Mariko san wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Mariko isn’t pretty.)

2) Watashi wa yasai ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (I don’t like vegetables.)

3) Kono machi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(This town isn’t lively.)

5. Use adjectives and answer the questions.

1) Q: Kyoo wa samui desu ka? (Is it cold today?)

A: Kyoo wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) Q: Sushi ga suki desu ka? (Do you like sushi?)

A: Watashi wa sushi ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3) Q: Otoosan wa yasashii desu ka (Is your father nice?)

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4) Q: Nihongo wa tanoshii desu ka? (Is Japanese language fun?)

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5) Q: Gakkoo wa shizuka desu ka? (Is the school quiet?)

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

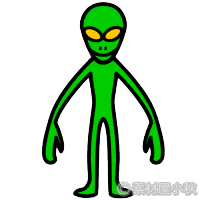
6) Q: O-genki desu ka? (How are you? / Are you well?)

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Describe the pictures.

1) Uchuujin wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2) Uchuujin wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(The alien has long arms.) (The alien has large eyes.)

[](http://www.sozaiyakoaki.com/sep/uchuujin/uchuujin-1.zip) [](http://www.google.co.jp/imgres?imgurl=http://files.hangame.co.jp/blog/2013/73/df52cd3a/04/01/40643088/df52cd3a_1364818390009.jpg&imgrefurl=http://blog.hangame.co.jp/hirosihirosi/article/40643088/&usg=__SIFM0ONNHOGBfRxd1Di-yKpIVY0=&h=264&w=191&sz=5&hl=ja&start=62&zoom=1&tbnid=wu-7A3k0jnqPoM:&tbnh=112&tbnw=81&ei=eLLtUbOSKKq5iQeF7oFo&prev=/search?q=%E5%AE%87%E5%AE%99%E4%BA%BA&start=60&sa=N&hl=ja&sout=1&biw=1093&bih=538&site=imghp&tbs=itp:clipart&tbm=isch&itbs=1&sa=X&ved=0CDAQrQMwATg8)

3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Past Tense

* I-adjective

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Affirmative** | **Negative** |
| E.g. **ookii** (big)  Watashi no ie wa **ooki** i **katta desu.**  (My house was big.) | E.g. **ookii** (big)  Watashi no ie wa **ooki** i **ku arimasen deshita.**  (My house was not big.) |

**takai**: Watashi no kuruma wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(My car was expensive./ was not expensive.)

**yasui**: Kono kaban wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(This bag was cheap./ was not cheap.)

* Na-adjective

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Affirmative** | **Negative** |
| E.g. **genki na** (energetic, well, healthy)  Gakusei wa **genki** na **deshita.**  (The student was well/ energetic.) | E.g. **genki na** (energetic, well, healthy)  Gakusei wa **genki** na **dewa arimasen deshira.**  (The student wasn’t well/ energetic.) |

**shizuka na**: Kono machi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(This town was quiet./ wasn’t quiet.)

**suki na**: Watashi wa supootsu ga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(I liked sports. / didn’t like sports.)

* **Renshuu (Exercise)**

1. Re-write the sentences from the present tense to the past tense.

1) Kinoo wa atsui desu.

⇒ Kinoo wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(It was hot yesterday.)

2) Biiru wa oishii desu.

⇒ Biiru wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(The beer was tasty.)

3) Watashi wa natsu ga suki desu.

⇒ Watashi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(I liked summer.)

4) Natsuyasumi wa tanoshii desu.

⇒Natsuyasumi wa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(The summer holiday was fun.)

5) Obaasan no ie wa furui desu.

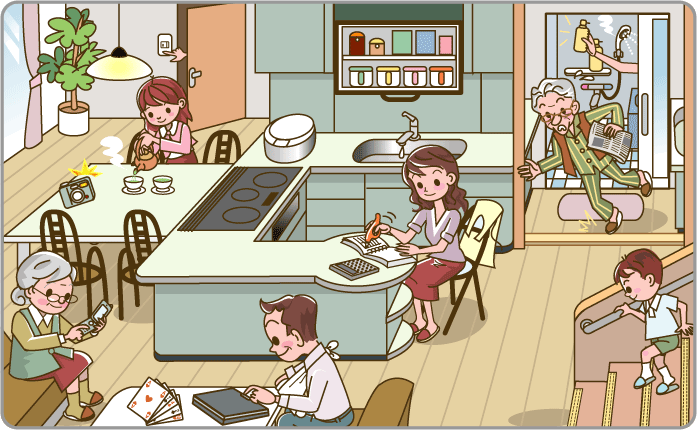
⇒\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(The old lady/grandmother’s house was old.)

6) Ojiisan no kuruma wa atarashii desu.

⇒\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(The old man/ grandfather’s car was new.)

2. Describe the picture using the past-tense endings.

E.g. O-cha wa **atsu** i **katta desu**. (The tea was hot.)



1) Obaasan wa …

(Grandmother/old lady was …)

2) Otoosan wa …

(Father was …)

3) Otoko no ko wa …

(The boy was …)

4)

5)

6)

7)

8)

9)

10)